

Clinical Policy: Everolimus (Afinitor, Afinitor Disperz, Zortress)

Reference Number: CP.PHAR.63

Effective Date: 06.01.11

Last Review Date: 02.26

Line of Business: Commercial, HIM*, Medicaid

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Everolimus (Afinitor[®], Afinitor Disperz[®], Zortress[®]) is an mTOR kinase inhibitor.

**For Health Insurance Marketplace (HIM), Afinitor Disperz is non-formulary and should not be approved using these criteria; refer to the formulary exception policy, HIM.PA.103.*

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Indication	Afinitor	Afinitor Disperz	Zortress
<i>Labeled uses (and recommended NCCN uses by product as indicated)</i>			
Breast cancer	X - adults	X - adults per NCCN	---
PNET (pancreas)	X - adults	X - adults per NCCN	---
NET (GI, lung, [thymic-off-label])	X - adults	X - adults per NCCN	---
RCC	X - adults	X - adults per NCCN	---
TSC-AML (renal)	X - adults	X - adults per NCCN	---
TSC-SEGA	X - 1 year and older	X - 1 year and older	---
TSC-seizures	---	X - 2 years and older	---
Prophylaxis of organ rejection	---	---	X - adults
<i>Recommended NCCN uses (adults)</i>			
Meningioma	X	X	---
HL	X	X	---
STS-GIST	X	X	---
STS-PEComa, angiomyolipoma, lymphangiomyomatosis	X	X	---
Thymoma/thymic carcinoma	X	X	---
DTC	X	X	---
WM/LPL	X	X	---
Endometrial carcinoma	X	X	---
Histiocytic neoplasms	X	X	---
Osteosarcoma	X	X	---

Abbreviations: DTC (differentiated thyroid carcinoma), GI (gastrointestinal), HL (Hodgkin lymphoma), PNET (pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor), NET (neuroendocrine tumors), RCC (renal cell carcinoma), STS-GIST (soft tissue sarcoma-gastrointestinal stromal tumor), STS-PEComa (soft tissue sarcoma-perivascular epithelioid cell tumor), TSC-AML (tuberous sclerosis complex- angiomyolipoma), TSC-SEGA (tuberous sclerosis complex-subependymal giant cell astrocytoma), TSC-seizures (tuberous sclerosis complex-seizures). WM/LPL (Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia/lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma)

Afinitor is indicated for the treatment of:

- Postmenopausal women with advanced hormone receptor (HR)-positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor-2 (HER2)-negative breast cancer (advanced HR+ BC) in combination with exemestane after failure of treatment with letrozole or anastrozole.
- Adult patients with progressive neuroendocrine tumors of pancreatic origin (PNET) and adults with progressive, well-differentiated, non-functional neuroendocrine tumors (NET) of gastrointestinal (GI) or lung origin that are unresectable, locally advanced, or metastatic.*
- Adult patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma (RCC) after failure of treatment with sunitinib or sorafenib.
- Adult patients with renal angiomyolipoma and tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC), not requiring immediate surgery.

Afinitor and Afinitor Disperz are indicated for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients aged 1 year and older with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC) who have subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (SEGA) that requires therapeutic intervention but cannot be curatively resected.

Afinitor Disperz is indicated for the adjunctive treatment of adult and pediatric patients aged 2 years and older with TSC-associated partial-onset seizures.

Zortress is indicated for the prophylaxis of organ rejection in adult patients:[†]

- Kidney transplant: at low-moderate immunologic risk. Use in combination with basiliximab, cyclosporine (reduced doses) and corticosteroids.
- Liver transplant: administer no earlier than 30 days post-transplant. Use in combination with tacrolimus (reduced doses) and corticosteroids.

* *Limitation(s) of use: Afinitor is not indicated for the treatment of patients with functional carcinoid tumors.*

† *Limitation(s) of use: Safety and efficacy of Zortress have not been established in the following:*

- *Kidney transplant patients at high immunologic risk*
- *Recipients of transplanted organs other than kidney or liver*
- *Pediatric patients (less than 18 years)*

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Afinitor, Afinitor Disperz or Zortress are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Breast Cancer (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of recurrent or metastatic breast cancer;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
4. Age \geq 18 years;

5. Disease is HR-positive and HER2-negative;
6. History of endocrine therapy (*see Appendix B*), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. For Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
8. Prescribed in combination with exemestane, fulvestrant or tamoxifen;
9. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable;
10. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed all of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - i. 20 mg per day;
 - ii. Afinitor: 2 tablets per day;
 - iii. Afinitor Disperz: 4 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

B. Neuroendocrine Tumor (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of NET of one of the following origins (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Pancreatic;
 - b. GI tract;
 - c. Lung;
 - d. Thymus (off-label);
3. Disease is unresectable, locally advanced, or metastatic;
4. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
5. Age \geq 18 years;
6. For Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable;
8. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed all of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - i. 20 mg per day;
 - ii. Afinitor: 2 tablets per day;
 - iii. Afinitor Disperz: 4 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

C. Renal Cell Carcinoma (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of relapsed or stage IV (unresectable or metastatic) RCC;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
4. Age \geq 18 years;
5. For Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. If clear cell histology, failure of a prior therapy (*see Appendix B*) unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
**Prior authorization may be required for prior therapies*
7. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable;
8. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed all of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - i. 20 mg per day;
 - ii. Afinitor: 2 tablets per day;
 - iii. Afinitor Disperz: 4 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).
**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

D. Renal Angiomyolipoma with Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of renal angiomyolipoma associated with TSC, not requiring immediate surgery;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
4. Age \geq 18 years;
5. For Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable;
7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed all of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - i. 20 mg per day;
 - ii. Afinitor: 2 tablets per day;
 - iii. Afinitor Disperz: 4 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).
**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

E. Tuberos Sclerosis Complex with Subependymal Giant Cell Astrocytoma (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of SEGA associated with TSC;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
4. Age \geq 1 year;
5. For Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

F. Tuberos Sclerosis Complex-Associated Partial-Onset Seizures (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of partial-onset seizures associated with TSC;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist or neurologist;
4. Age \geq 2 years;
5. Afinitor Disperz will be used as adjunctive therapy;
6. For Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – *refer to HIM.PA.103*

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

G. Prophylaxis of Organ Rejection (must meet all):

1. Request is for Zortress;
2. Member has received or is scheduled for a kidney or liver transplant;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a nephrologist, hepatologist, or transplant specialist;
4. Age \geq 18 years;
5. For kidney transplant, failure of tacrolimus unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. For Zortress requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. Prescribed in combination with one of the following (a or b):
 - a. For kidney transplant: Simulect[®], cyclosporine, and corticosteroids;
 - b. For liver transplant: tacrolimus and corticosteroids;
8. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable.

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 12 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

H. NCCN Compendium Indications (off-label) (must meet all):

1. Request is for Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz;
2. Diagnosis of one of the following (a, b, c, d, e, or f):
 - a. Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz is prescribed as single-agent therapy:
 - i. HL, WM/LPL, thymoma, or thymic carcinoma;
 - ii. PEComa, recurrent angiomyolipoma, or lymphangiomyomatosis;
 - iii. Histiocytic neoplasms (i.e., Erdheim-Chester disease, Langerhans cell histiocytosis, Rosai-Dorfman disease);
 - b. Endometrial carcinoma, prescribed in combination with letrozole;
 - c. GIST, prescribed in combination with imatinib, Sutent[®], or Stivarga[®] for disease progression after therapy with imatinib, Sutent, Stivarga, and Qinlock[®];
**Prior authorization may be required for imatinib, Sutent, and Stivarga*
 - d. DTC (i.e., follicular, oncolytic carcinoma/Hurthle cell or papillary carcinoma);
 - e. Osteosarcoma, prescribed in combination with Nexavar[®];
 - f. Meningiomas, prescribed in combination with bevacizumab or octreotide acetate LAR;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
4. Age ≥ 18 years;
5. For Afinitor or Afinitor Disperz requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable;
7. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).*

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

I. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or

2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit, or documentation supports that member is currently receiving Afinitor, Afinitor Disperz, or Zortress for a covered indication and has received this medication for at least 30 days;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. For Afinitor, Afinitor Disperz, Zortress requests, member must use generic everolimus, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
4. Request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable;
5. For all indications, except partial-onset seizures associated with TSC, SEGA associated with TSC, and organ rejection prophylaxis, if request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. New dose does not exceed all of the following (i, ii, and iii):
 - i. 20 mg per day;
 - ii. Afinitor: 2 tablets per day;
 - iii. Afinitor Disperz: 4 tablets per day;
 - b. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

HIM – 12 months (*refer to HIM.PA.103 for Afinitor Disperz*)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line

of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid, or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

AML: angiomyolipoma	PEComa: perivascular epithelioid cell tumor
ER: estrogen receptor	PNET: pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor
DTC: differentiated thyroid cancer	RCC: renal cell carcinoma
FDA: Food and Drug Administration	SEGA: subependymal giant cell astrocytoma
GI: gastrointestinal	STS: soft tissue sarcoma
GIST: gastrointestinal stromal tumor	TSC: tuberous sclerosis complex
HER-2: human epidermal growth factor receptor-2	WM/LPL: Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia/lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma
HL: Hodgkin lymphoma	
HR: hormone receptor	
NET: neuroendocrine tumor	

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
<i>Breast cancer: Examples of endocrine therapies per NCCN</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nonsteroidal aromatase inhibitors (anastrozole and letrozole); • Steroidal aromatase inhibitors (exemestane) • Serum estrogen receptor (ER) modulators (tamoxifen, toremifene) • ER down-regulators (fulvestrant) • Progestin (megestrol acetate) • Androgens (flouxymesterone) • High-dose estrogen (ethinyl estradiol) 	Varies	Varies
<i>RCC: Examples of first and second-line therapies for relapsed or stage IV disease with clear cell histology per NCCN</i>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Votrient[®] (pazopanib) • Sutent[®] (sunitinib) • Opdivo[®] (nivolumab) ± Yervoy[®] (ipilimumab) 	Varies	Varies

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proleukin[®] (aldesleukin) • Cabometyx[®] (cabozantinib) • Torisel[®] (temsirolimus) • Inlyta[®] (axitinib) • Afinitor/Afinitor Disperz (everolimus) ± Lenvima (lenvatinib) • Nexavar (sorafenib) • Tarceva[®] (erlotinib) 		
<i>GIST</i>		
imatinib (Gleevec [®])	400 mg PO QD or BID	800 mg/day
Sutent (sunitinib)	50 mg PO QD	50 mg/day
Stivarga (regorafenib)	160 mg PO QD	160 mg/day
<i>DTC</i>		
Lenvima (lenvatinib)	24 mg PO QD	24 mg/day
Nexavar (sorafenib)	400 mg PO QD	400 mg/day

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
 - Afinitor and Afinitor Disperz: clinically significant hypersensitivity to everolimus or to other rapamycin derivatives
 - Zortress: known hypersensitivity to everolimus, sirolimus, or to components of the drug product
- Boxed warning(s) for Zortress: malignancies and serious infections, kidney graft thrombosis, nephrotoxicity, and mortality in heart transplantation when used in de novo patients within the first three months post-transplantation

Appendix D: General Information

- Heart transplant: Although the off-label use of Zortress in heart transplant is not supported by the Micromedex DrugDex compendium, it does have both literature and guideline support. Individual risk-benefit ratios must be considered prior to such use because of safety concerns (see Appendix C – boxed warnings). Examples of patient-specific scenarios where use may be appropriate include, but are not limited to: patient already established on therapy, refractory or recurrent rejection, renal insufficiency, cardiac allograft vasculopathy (CAV), history of malignancies, calcineurin inhibitor (CNI) toxicity.

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Everolimus (Afinitor)	Breast cancer, PNET (pancreas), NET	10 mg PO QD	20 mg/day

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	(GI, lung), RCC, TSC-AML (renal)		
Everolimus (Afinitor, Afinitor Disperz)	TSA-SEGA	4.5 mg/m ² PO QD; adjust dose to attain trough concentrations of 5-15 ng/mL	Based on trough concentrations
Everolimus (Disperz)	TSC-associated partial-onset seizures	5 mg/m ² PO QD; adjust dose to attain trough concentrations of 5-15 ng/mL	
Everolimus (Zortress)	Kidney transplant rejection prophylaxis	0.75 mg PO BID; adjust dose to attain trough concentrations of 3 to 8 ng/mL	Based on trough concentrations
	Liver transplant rejection prophylaxis	1 mg PO BID; adjust dose to attain trough concentrations of 3 to 8 ng/mL	

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
Everolimus (Afinitor)	Tablets: 2.5 mg, 5 mg, 7.5 mg, 10 mg
Everolimus (Afinitor Disperz)	Tablets for oral suspension: 2 mg, 3 mg, 5 mg
Everolimus (Zortress)	Tablets: 0.25 mg, 0.5 mg, 0.75 mg, 1 mg

VII. References

1. Afinitor/Afinitor Disperz Prescribing Information. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation; February 2022. Available at: https://www.novartis.com/us-en/sites/novartis_us/files/afinitor.pdf. Accessed: November 6, 2025.
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3. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drugs and Biologics Compendium. Available at http://www.nccn.org/professionals/drug_compendium. Accessed November 19, 2025.
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Kidney and Liver Transplantation

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12. Breda A, Budde K, Figueiredo KA, et al. Renal Transplantation Guidelines 2019. European Association of Urology (EAU). Available at: <http://www.uroweb.org/guideline/renal-transplantation/>.
13. Lucey MR, Terrault N, Ojo L, et al. Long-term management of the successful adult liver transplant: 2012 practice guideline by the American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases and the American Society of Transplantation. Liver Transplantation 2013;19:3-26.
14. Costanzo MR, Dipchand A, Ross H, et al. The International Society of Heart and Lung Transplantation guidelines for the care of heart transplant recipients. Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation. 2020; 29(8): 914-956.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J7527	Everolimus, oral, 0.25mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2022 annual review: added histiocytic neoplasms indication per NCCN; added legacy WellCare auth durations (WCG.CP.PHAR.63 to retire); clarified oral oncology generic redirection language to “must use”; references reviewed and updated.	11.13.21	02.22
Revised approval duration for Commercial line of business from length of benefit to 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less	01.20.22	05.22
Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications.	10.12.22	
1Q 2023 annual review: added age requirement for TSA-SEGA and TSC-seizures; For TSC-seizures, added Afinitor Disperz will be	11.11.22	02.23

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
used as adjunctive therapy per PI; Legacy WellCare approval durations consolidated to 6 months; references reviewed updated.		
COC applied to Zortress in continued therapy section II.A.	07.10.23	
1Q 2024 annual review: clarified oral oncology redirection language to “generic” everolimus; for DTC, removed requirement of prior therapy per NCCN; for HL, WM/LPL, thymoma, thymic carcinoma, histiocytic neoplasms, PEComa, recurrent angiolipoma, and lymphangiomyomatosis, added prescribed as single agent per NCCN; references reviewed and updated.	10.16.23	02.24
1Q 2025 annual review: for NET, removed bronchopulmonary per NCCN the terms have been revised to lung; for SEGA associated with TSC, removed criterion member is not a candidate for curative surgical resection given that NCCN allows for usage as adjuvant therapy if symptomatic or growing; for GIST, added Qinlock as an additional therapy for disease progression after per NCCN; added off label indication for osteosarcoma prescribed in combination with Nexavar and meningiomas prescribed in combination with bevacizumab or octreotide acetate LAR per NCCN; references reviewed and updated.	10.17.24	02.25
1Q 2026 annual review: no significant changes; extended initial approval durations from 6 to 12 months for this maintenance medication for a chronic condition; added request does not exceed health plan-approved quantity limit, if applicable; references reviewed and updated.	11.06.25	02.26

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy,

contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members, and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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