

Clinical Policy: Dipeptidyl Peptidase-4 (DPP-4) Inhibitors

Reference Number: IL.PMN.03

Effective Date: 1.1.20

Last Review Date: 8.15.231

Line of Business: Medicaid

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

The following agents contain a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor and require prior authorization: linagliptin/empagliflozin (Glyxambi[®]), linagliptin/metformin (Jentadueto[®], Jentadueto[®] XR), saxagliptin (Onglyza[®]), saxagliptin/dapagliflozin (Qtern[®]), saxagliptin/dapagliflozin/metformin (Qternmet[®] XR), saxagliptin/metformin (Kombiglyze[®] XR), sitagliptin/ertugliflozin (Steglujan[™]), and sitagliptin/metformin (Janumet[®], Janumet[®] XR).

**If request is for a combination DPP-4 inhibitor and sodium glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor (e.g., linagliptin/empagliflozin [Glyxambi[®]], linagliptin/empagliflozin/metformin [Trijardy[™] XR], saxagliptin/dapagliflozin [Qtern[®]], saxagliptin/dapagliflozin/metformin [Qternmet[®] XR], sitagliptin/ertugliflozin [Steglujan[™]]), refer to IL.PMN.14 SGLT Inhibitors.*

FDA Approved Indication(s)

DPP-4 inhibitors are indicated as adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus.

Empagliflozin-containing products are also indicated in adult patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and established cardiovascular disease to reduce the risk of cardiovascular death.

Limitation(s) of use:

- DPP-4 inhibitors should not be used in patients with type 1 diabetes
- Onglyza and Kombiglyze should not be used for the treatment of diabetic ketoacidosis.
- Tradjenta, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, Januvia, Janumet, and Janumet XR have not been studied in patients with a history of pancreatitis.

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that DPP-4 inhibitors are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of type 2 diabetes mellitus;
2. Age \geq 18 years;
3. Member meets one of the following (a or b):

- a. Failure of ≥ 3 consecutive months of metformin, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- b. HbA1c drawn within the past 3 months is $\geq 8.5\%$, and concurrent use of metformin unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
4. Failure of ≥ 3 consecutive months of Januvia or Tradjenta, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
5. Dose does not exceed the FDA approved maximum recommended dose (*see Section V*).

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications(must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus (must meet all):

1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (*refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B*);
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed the FDA approved maximum recommended dose (*see Section V*).

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):

- a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

AACE: American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists

ACE: American College of Endocrinology

ADA: American Diabetes Association

DPP-4: dipeptidyl peptidase-4

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

GLP-1: glucagon-like peptide-1

HbA1c: glycated hemoglobin

SGLT2: sodium-glucose co-transporter 2

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
metformin (Fortamet [®] , Glucophage [®] , Glucophage [®] XR, Glumetza [®])	Regular-release (Glucophage): 500 mg PO BID or 850 mg PO QD; increase as needed in increments of 500 mg/week or 850 mg every 2 weeks Extended-release: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fortamet, Glumetza: 1,000 mg PO QD; increase as needed in increments of 500 mg/week • Glucophage XR: 500 mg PO QD; increase as needed in increments of 500 mg/week 	Regular-release: 2,550 mg/day Extended-release: 2,000 mg/day
Nesina (alogliptin)	25 mg PO QD	25 mg/day

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Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
Kazano (alogliptin/ metformin)	Individualized dose PO BID	25/2,000 mg/day
Oseni (alogliptin/ pioglitazone)	Individualized dose PO QD	25/45 mg/day

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
 - History of serious hypersensitivity reaction to the requested drug product
 - Severe renal impairment (*metformin-containing products*) or moderate to severe renal impairment (*Qtern and Qternmet XR*)
 - Acute or chronic metabolic acidosis, including diabetic ketoacidosis (*metformin-containing products only*)
- Boxed warning(s): lactic acidosis (*metformin-containing products only*)

Appendix D: General Information

- Per the American Diabetes Association (ADA) and American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists and American College of Endocrinology (AAACE/ACE) guidelines:
 - Metformin is recommended for all patients with type 2 diabetes. It is effective and safe, is inexpensive, and may reduce risk of cardiovascular events and death. Monotherapy is recommended for most patients; however:
 - Starting with dual therapy (i.e., metformin plus another agent, such as a sulfonylurea, thiazolidinedione, DPP-4 inhibitor, SGLT2 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide 1 [GLP-1] receptor agonist, or basal insulin) may be considered for patients with baseline HbA1c $\geq 1.5\%$ above their target. According to the ADA, a reasonable HbA1c target for many non-pregnant adults is $< 7\%$ ($\leq 6.5\%$ per the AAACE/ACE).
 - Starting with combination therapy with insulin may be considered for patients with baseline HbA1c $> 10\%$ or if symptoms of hyperglycemia are present.
 - If the target HbA1c is not achieved after approximately 3 months of monotherapy, dual therapy should be initiated. If dual therapy is inadequate after 3 months, triple therapy should be initiated. Finally, if triple therapy fails to bring a patient to goal, combination therapy with insulin should be initiated. Each non-insulin agent added to initial therapy can lower HbA1c by 0.7-1%.

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Janumet (sitagliptin/metformin)	Individualized dose PO BID	100/2,000 mg/day
Janumet XR (sitagliptin/metformin)	Individualized dose PO QD	100/2,000 mg/day
Januvia (sitagliptin)	100 mg PO QD	100 mg/day
Jentadueto (linagliptin/metformin)	Individualized dose PO BID	5/2,000 mg/day
Jentadueto XR (linagliptin/metformin)	Individualized dose PO QD	5/2,000 mg/day
Kombiglyze XR (saxagliptin/metformin)	Individualized dose PO QD	5/2,000 mg/day
Onglyza (saxagliptin)	2.5 or 5 mg PO QD	5 mg/day
Tradjenta (linagliptin)	5 mg PO QD	5 mg/day

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
Janumet (sitagliptin/metformin)	Tablets: 50/500 mg, 50/1,000 mg
Janumet XR (sitagliptin/metformin)	Tablets: 100/1,000 mg, 50/500 mg, 50/1,000 mg

Drug Name	Availability
Januvia (sitagliptin)	Tablets: 25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg
Jentadueto (linagliptin/metformin)	Tablets: 2.5/500 mg, 2.5/850 mg, 2.5/1,000 mg
Jentadueto XR (linagliptin/metformin)	Tablets: 5/1,000 mg, 2.5/1,000 mg
Kombiglyze XR (saxagliptin/metformin)	Tablets: 5/500 mg, 5/1,000 mg, 2.5/1,000 mg
Onglyza (saxagliptin)	Tablets: 2.5 mg, 5 mg
Tradjenta (linagliptin)	Tablets: 5 mg

VII. References

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- Garber AJ, Handelsman Y, Grunberger G, et al. Consensus statement by the American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists and American College of Endocrinology on the comprehensive type 2 diabetes management algorithm – 2020 executive summary. *Endocr Pract*. 2020; 26(1): 107-139.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
New policy created, adapted from CP.PMN.03 DPP-4 Inhibitors policy.	12.6.19	
1Q 2020 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	12.31.19	1.7.19

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2020 annual review: no significant changes; Added Empagliflozin-containing products are also indicated in adult patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and established cardiovascular disease to reduce the risk of cardiovascular death.	1.25.21	
2Q 2021 annual review and changes: Added Failure of ≥ 3 consecutive months of Januvia or Tradjenta, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated; Updated description section combination DPP-4 inhibitor and sodium glucose co-transporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor refer to IL.PMN.14 SGLT Inhibitor Updated table dosage and administration; Updated table product availability; Updated appendix C general information; updated and reviewed references;	6.22.21	
2Q 2022 Annual review: added moderate to severe renal impairment to contraindications, references reviewed and updated	7.25.22	
3Q 2023 Annual Review: Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section; appendices b, c, and d added, references reviewed and updated.	8.15.23	

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a

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discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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Note: For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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